

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND THE COMPANY

**Material** Lamivudine and Zidovudine Tablets USP  
150 mg / 300 mg

**Manufacturer** Lupin Limited  
Goa 403 722  
INDIA

**Distributor** Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
Harborplace Tower, 21<sup>st</sup> Floor  
111, South Calvert Street  
Baltimore, MD 21202  
United States  
Tel. 001-410-576-2000  
Fax. 001-410-576-2221

## 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS	Quantity
Lamivudine USP	134678-17-4	150 mg
Zidovudine USP	30516-87-1	300 mg

## 3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

**Fire and Explosion** Expected to be non-combustible

**Health** Lamivudine and zidovudine tablets are contraindicated in patients with previously demonstrated clinically significant hypersensitivity (e.g., anaphylaxis, Stevens-Johnson syndrome) to any of the components of the product.

**Environment** No information is available about the potential of this product to produce adverse environmental effects.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURE

<b>Ingestion</b>	If conscious, give water to drink and induce vomiting. Do not attempt to give any solid or liquid by mouth if the exposed subject is unconscious or semi-conscious. Wash out the mouth with water. Obtain medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move individual to fresh air. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty occurs. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration assistance.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing and flush exposed area with large amounts of water. Wash all exposed areas of skin with plenty of soap and water. Obtain medical attention if skin reaction occurs.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

### NOTES TO HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

<b>Medical Treatment</b>	Treat according to locally accepted protocols. For additional guidance, refer to the current prescribing information or to the local poison control information center. Protect the patient's airway and support ventilation and perfusion. Meticulously monitor and maintain, within acceptable limits, the patient's vital signs, blood gases, serum electrolytes, etc.
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### OVERDOSAGE

There is no known antidote for lamivudine and zidovudine tablets.

#### **Lamivudine**

One case of an adult ingesting 6 grams of lamivudine was reported; there were no clinical signs or symptoms noted and hematologic tests remained normal. Because a negligible amount of lamivudine was removed via (4-hour) hemodialysis, continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis, and automated peritoneal dialysis, it is not known if continuous hemodialysis would provide clinical benefit in a lamivudine overdose event.

#### **Zidovudine**

Acute overdoses of zidovudine have been reported in pediatric patients and adults. These involved exposures up to 50 grams. The only consistent findings were nausea and vomiting. Other reported occurrences included headache, dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, confusion, and 1 report of a grand mal seizure. Hematologic changes were transient. All patients recovered. Hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis appear to have a negligible effect on the removal of zidovudine, while elimination of its primary metabolite, 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-β-D-glucopyranuronosylthymidine (GZDV), is enhanced.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURE

<b>Fire and Explosion Hazards</b>	Assume that this product is capable of sustaining combustion.
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam.
<b>Special Firefighting Procedures</b>	For single units (packages): No special requirements needed. For larger amounts (multiple packages/pallets) of product: Since toxic, corrosive or flammable vapors might be evolved from fires involving this product and associated packaging, self contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment are recommended for firefighters.
<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Hazardous combustion or decomposition products are expected when the product is exposed to fire.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Wear protective clothing and equipment consistent with the degree of hazard.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	For large spills, take precautions to prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or surface drainage systems.
<b>Clean-up Methods</b>	Collect and place it in a suitable, properly labeled container for recovery or disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	No special control measures required for the normal handling of this product.
<b>Storage</b>	Store between 2° and 30°C (36° and 86°F).

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Wear appropriate clothing to avoid skin contact. Wash hands and arms thoroughly after handling

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical Form</b>	Lamivudine and Zidovudine Tablets USP, containing 150 mg lamivudine and 300 mg zidovudine, are white to off white scored, modified-capsule-shaped film-coated, tablets debossed on both tablet faces, such that, when broken in half, "LU" and "Y01" code is present
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on both halves of the tablet ("LU" on one face and "Y01" on the opposite face of the tablet).

They are supplied as follows:  
Bottles of 60's

NDC 68180-284-07

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility Carcinogenicity

**Lamivudine:** Long-term carcinogenicity studies with lamivudine in mice and rats showed no evidence of carcinogenic potential at exposures up to 10 times (mice) and 58 times (rats) those observed in humans at the recommended therapeutic dose for HIV-1 infection.

**Zidovudine:** Zidovudine was administered orally at 3 dosage levels to separate groups of mice and rats (60 females and 60 males in each group). Initial single daily doses were 30, 60, and 120 mg/kg/day in mice and 80, 220, and 600 mg/kg/day in rats. The doses in mice were reduced to 20, 30, and 40 mg/kg/day after day 90 because of treatment-related anemia, whereas in rats only the high dose was reduced to 450 mg/kg/day on day 91 and then to 300 mg/kg/day on day 279.

In mice, 7 late-appearing (after 19 months) vaginal neoplasms (5 nonmetastasizing squamous cell carcinomas, 1 squamous cell papilloma, and 1 squamous polyp) occurred in animals given the highest dose. One late-appearing squamous cell papilloma occurred in the vagina of a middle-dose animal. No vaginal tumors were found at the lowest dose.

In rats, 2 late-appearing (after 20 months), nonmetastasizing vaginal squamous cell carcinomas occurred in animals given the highest dose. No vaginal tumors occurred at the low or middle dose in rats. No other drug-related tumors were observed in either sex of either species.

At doses that produced tumors in mice and rats, the estimated drug exposure (as measured by AUC) was approximately 3 times (mouse) and 24 times (rat) the estimated human exposure at the recommended therapeutic dose of 100 mg every 4 hours.

It is not known how predictive the results of rodent carcinogenicity studies may be for humans.

## Mutagenicity

**Lamivudine:** Lamivudine was mutagenic in an L5178Y/TK<sup>+/−</sup> mouse lymphoma assay and clastogenic in a cytogenetic assay using cultured human lymphocytes. Lamivudine was negative in a microbial mutagenicity assay, in an *in vitro* cell transformation assay, in a rat micronucleus test, in a rat bone marrow cytogenetic assay, and in an assay for unscheduled DNA synthesis in rat liver.

**Zidovudine:** Zidovudine was mutagenic in an L5178Y/TK<sup>+/−</sup> mouse lymphoma assay, positive in an *in vitro* cell transformation assay, clastogenic in a cytogenetic assay using cultured human lymphocytes, and positive in mouse and rat micronucleus tests after repeated doses. It was negative in a cytogenetic study in rats given a single dose.

## Impairment of Fertility

**Lamivudine:** In a study of reproductive performance, lamivudine, administered to male and female rats at doses up to 130 times the usual adult dose based on body surface area considerations, revealed no evidence of impaired fertility (judged by conception rates) and no effect on the survival, growth, and development to weaning of the offspring.

**Zidovudine:** Zidovudine, administered to male and female rats at doses up to 7 times the usual adult dose based on body surface area considerations, had no effect on fertility judged by conception rates

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No relevant studies identified.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Incinerate in an approved facility. Follow all federal state and local environmental regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### IATA/ICAO - Not Regulated

IATA Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
IATA UN/ID No	:	N/A
IATA Hazard Class	:	N/A
IATA Packaging Group	:	N/A
IATA Label	:	N/A

**IMDG - Not Regulated**

IMDG Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
IMDG UN/ID No	:	N/A
IMDG Hazard Class	:	N/A
IMDG Flash Point	:	N/A
IMDG Label	:	N/A

**DOT - Not Regulated**

DOT Proper shipping Name	:	N/A
DOT UN/ID No	:	N/A
DOT Hazard Class	:	N/A
DOT Flash Point	:	N/A
DOT Packing Group	:	N/A
DOT Label	:	N/A

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This Section Contains Information relevant to compliance with other Federal and/or state laws.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty, express or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the applicability of this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.

**Lupin** shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. Lupin reserves the right to revise this MSDS.