# LUPIN LIMITED SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Section 1: Identification**

Section 1, Identification

Material Jencycla™

(Norethindrone Tablets USP, 0.35 mg)

Manufacturer Lupin Limited

Pithampur (M.P.) - 454 775

India

**Distributor** Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

111 South Calvert Street, Harborplace Tower, 21st Floor, Baltimore, Maryland 21202

**United States** 

Tel. 001-410-576-2000 Fax. 001-410-576-2221

## Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

Section 2, Hazard(s) identification

Fire and Explosion Expected to be non-combustible.

Health Progestin-only oral contraceptives (POPs) should not be used by women

who currently have the following conditions:

• Known or suspected pregnancy

Known or suspected carcinoma of the breast

Undiagnosed abnormal genital bleeding

Hypersensitivity to any component of this product

Benign or malignant liver tumors

Acute liver disease

**Environment**No information is available about the potential of this product to produce

adverse environmental effects.

## **Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

Section 3, Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients CAS

Norethindrone USP 68-22-4

# **Section 4: First-Aid Measures**

Section 4, First-aid measures

**Ingestion** If conscious, give water to drink and induce vomiting. Do not attempt to

give any solid or liquid by mouth if the exposed subject is unconscious or semi-conscious. Wash out the mouth with water. Obtain medical

attention.

SDS: 084/02 Page 1 of 4

Inhalation Move individual to fresh air. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty

occurs. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration assistance.

**Skin Contact** Remove contaminated clothing and flush exposed area with large amounts

of water. Wash all exposed areas of skin with plenty of soap and water.

Obtain medical attention if skin reaction occurs.

**Eye Contact** Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

#### **NOTES TO HEALTH PROFESSIONALS**

Medical Treatment Treat according to locally accepted protocols. For additional guidance,

refer to the current prescribing information or to the local poison control information center. Protect the patient's airway and support ventilation and perfusion. Meticulously monitor and maintain, within acceptable limits, the

patient's vital signs, blood gases, serum electrolytes, etc.

**OVERDOSAGE**There have been no reports of serious ill effects from overdosage,

including ingestion by children.

# **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

Section 5, Fire-fighting measures

**Fire and Explosion Hazards** Assume that this product is capable of sustaining combustion.

**Extinguishing Media** Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or appropriate foam.

Special Firefighting Procedures For single units (packages): No special requirements needed.

For larger amounts (multiple packages/pallets) of product: Since toxic, corrosive or flammable vapors might be evolved from fires involving this product and associated packaging, self-contained breathing apparatus and

full protective equipment are recommended for firefighters.

Hazardous Combustion Products Hazardous combustion or decomposition products are expected when the

product is exposed to fire.

## **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Section 6, Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Wear protective clothing and equipment consistent with the degree of

hazard.

**Environmental Precautions** For large spills, take precautions to prevent entry into waterways, sewers,

or surface drainage systems.

Clean-up Methods Collect and place it in a suitable, properly labeled container for recovery or

disposal.

# **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Section 7, Handling and storage

Handling No special control measures required for the normal handling of this

product.

Normal room ventilation is expected to be adequate for routine handling

of this product.

SDS: 084/02 Page 2 of 4

Storage

Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F)

[see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Keep out of reach of children.

# **Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

## Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection

Wear appropriate clothing to avoid skin contact. Wash hands and arms thoroughly after handling.

# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

#### Section 9, Physical and chemical properties

Physical Form

Jencycla Tablets containing 0.35 mg of norethindrone, green colored, round, flat face, beveled edge tablets, debossed with "O23" on one side and "LU" on the other side.

Jencycla Tablets are available in a wallet (NDC 68180-877-71) containing 28 tablets. Such three wallets are packaged in a carton (NDC 68180-877-73).

# **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

#### Section 10, Stability and reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# Section 11: Toxicological Information

#### Section 11, Toxicological information

#### Carcinoma of the breast and reproductive organs

Some epidemiological studies of oral contraceptive users have reported an increased relative risk of developing breast cancer, particularly at a younger age and apparently related to duration of use. These studies have predominantly involved combined oral contraceptives and there is insufficient data to determine whether the use of POPs similarly increases the risk. A meta-analysis of 54 studies found a small increase in the frequency of having breast cancer diagnosed for women who were currently using combined oral contraceptives or had used them within the past ten years.

This increase in the frequency of breast cancer diagnosis, within ten years of stopping use, was generally accounted for by cancers localized to the breast. There was no increase in the frequency of having breast cancer diagnosed ten or more years after cessation of use.

Women with breast cancer should not use oral contraceptives because the role of female hormones in breast cancer has not been fully determined. Some studies suggest that oral contraceptive use has been associated with an increase in the risk of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia in some populations of women. However, there continues to be controversy about the extent to which such findings may be due to differences in sexual behavior and other factors. There is insufficient data to determine whether the use of POPs increases the risk of developing cervical intraepithelial neoplasia.

SDS: 084/02 Page 3 of 4

# **Section 12: Ecological Information**

#### Section 12: Ecological Information

No relevant studies identified.

## **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

#### Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Incinerate in an approved facility. Follow all federal state and local environmental regulations.

## **Section 14: Transport Information**

## Section 14: Transport Information

## IATA/ICAO - Not Regulated

IATA Proper shipping Name : N/A
IATA UN/ID No:N/A : N/A
IATA Hazard Class:N/A : N/A
IATA Packaging Group:N/A : N/A
IATA Label : N/A

## IMDG - Not Regulated

IMDG Proper shipping Name:N/AIMDG UN/ID No:N/AIMDG Hazard Class:N/AIMDG Flash Point:N/AIMDG Label:N/A

## **DOT** - Not Regulated

IMDG Proper shipping Name:N/AIMDG UN/ID No:N/AIMDG Hazard Class:N/AIMDG Flash Point:N/AIMDG Label:N/A

# **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

## Section 15: Regulatory Information

This Section Contains Information relevant to compliance with other Federal and/or state laws.

## **Section 16: Other Information**

#### Section 16, Other information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty, express or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the applicability of this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.

**Lupin** shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. Lupin reserves the right to revise this SDS.

SDS: 084/02 Page 4 of 4