LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

MARCH 31, 2022

5801 Pelican Bay Blvd, Suite 500 Naples, FL 34108, USA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

105 Kadamgiri Apartments, Hanuman Road, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400 057 TEL # 98213 45802

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Lupin Oncology Inc. USA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC. USA ('the Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, which are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India.

These financial statements are "special purpose financial statements" and do not constitute a set of statutory financial statements in accordance with the local laws in which the Company is incorporated and cannot be used for any purpose other than the aforesaid.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Holding Company and Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and in particular SA 800 'Special Considerations – Audits of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Special Purpose Frameworks'. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

105 Kadamgiri Apartments, Hanuman Road, Vile Parle (E), Mumbai 400 057 TEL # 98213 45802

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its loss, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 8 to the financial statements which indicate that the Company has incurred loss during the year. Further, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets as at the balance sheet date. Based on the details in the said note, in our opinion, these conditions do not indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons stated in the said Note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required for preparation of these financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account adjusted for accounting principles generally accepted in India.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.

Other Matter

This report is issued for the purpose of consolidation of financial statements of the Company's holding Company Lupin Limited, India and to comply with the provisions of Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

For Arora & Arora Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No: 100544W

Girish Arora Partner

Membership No.: 41019

UDIN: 22041019AIXRTM4385

Mumbai, May 13, 2022

		Page 1	L			
LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC.						
BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022						
			As at	As at	As at	As at
			31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2021
	Note	_		₹	<u> </u>	₹
ASSETS						
Non Current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipment			=	-	-	-
Intangible Assets Under Development			6,350,000	481,285,550	- _	-
Current Assets			6,350,000	481,285,550	-	-
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2		1,162,293	88,093,673	<u>-</u>	_
	_		1,162,293	88,093,673	-	-
		Total	7,512,293	569,379,223	-	-
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
Equity Share Capital	3		15,101,000	1,135,721,705	-	-
Other Equity			(18,631,946)	(1,403,342,694)	- _	
			(3,530,946)	(267,620,989)	-	-
Current Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Trade Payables						
- Total outstanding dues of other than Micro Enterprises	4		11,043,239	837,000,212	-	-
			11,043,239	837,000,212	-	-
		Total	7,512,293	569,379,223	-	-
See accompanying notes forming part of financial statement						

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	Page 2	
In terms of our report attached		
For Arora & Arora		For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Chartered Accountants		Lupin Oncology Inc.
Registration No. 100544W		
Girish Arora		Vinita Gupta
Partner		Director
Membership No. 41019		5666
Place : Mumbai		
Date :		

		Page 3			
LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC. STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR EN	IDED MARCH 31	2022			
STATEMENT OF FROM AND EGGS FOR THE FEAR EN	IDED WAREITSE,	<u> </u>			
		For the Current Year ended March 31,2022	For the Current Year ended March 31,2022	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to March 31,2021	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to March 31,2021
	Note	\$	₹	\$. ₹
INCOME:					
Revenue from Operations		-	-	-	-
Other Income			-	<u>-</u>	
Total Income			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENSES:					
Finance Costs	5	9,388	697,416	-	-
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		, -	-	-	-
Other Expenses	6	18,622,558	1,386,491,917	-	-
Total Expenses		18,631,946	1,387,189,333	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Profit / (Loss) before Tax		(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	-	-
Tax Expense:					
Current Tax (Net)		_	-	_	-
Deferred Tax (Net)		-	-	-	-
, ,			-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the period		(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	 .	<u> </u>
Other Comprehensive Income					
(A)(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-	-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	_	_	-
·					
(B)(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
a. Exchange differences in translating the financial	statements		(16,153,361)		-
(ii) Income tax relating to item that will be reclassified	d				
to profit or loss		-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of	tax		(16,153,361)		
other comprehensive meanic for the period, her or	tux		(10,133,301)		
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(18,631,946)	(1,403,342,694)	-	-
Earnings per equity share:					
Basic and Diluted	10	(1.71)	(127.20)	-	-
Face Value of Equity Share (in USD)		1		1	
See accompanying notes forming part of financial sta	atement				

	Page 4
In terms of our report attached	
For Arora & Arora	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Chartered Accountants	Lupin Oncology Inc.
Registration No. 100544W	
Girish Arora	Vinita Gupta
Partner	Director
Membership No. 41019	
Place : Mumbai	
Date :	
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LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(a) Equity share capital

		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021			
Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount in USD	Amount in INR	No. of Shares	Amount in USD	Amount in INR	
Balance as at beginning of the reporting year	=	-		-	=	=	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	15,101,000	15,101,000	1,135,721,705	-	-	-	
Balance as at end of the reporting year	15,101,000	15,101,000	1,135,721,705	-	-	-	

(b) Other equity

Particulars		Other Comprehensive Income (in USD) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		Reserves & Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income (in INR) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total Other Equity
Balance as at March 15, 2021	-	-	•	-	-	•
Profit for the period from March 15,2021 to March 31,2021	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period from March 15,2021 to	-	=	=	-	-	=
March 31,2021						
Balance as at March 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	(18,631,946)	-	(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	-	(1,387,189,333)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(16,153,361)	(16,153,361)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	(18,631,946)	-	(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	(16,153,361)	(1,403,342,694)

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n terms of our report attached	
For Arora & Arora Chartered Accountants Registration No. 100544W	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Lupin Oncology Inc.
Girish Arora Partner Membership No. 41019	Vinita Gupta Director
Place : Mumbai Date :	

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LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC.				
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 3	<u>1,2022</u>			
	Family Comment Value		5 No Boodon Boded	5 No Boodon Boded
	For the Current Year ended March 31,2022	For the Current Year ended March 31,2022	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to
	enueu Warch 31,2022	endeu Warun 31,2022	March 31,2021	March 31,2021
	\$	₹	\$	₹
A. Cash Flow from Operating activities				
- 6:40 N 6 -	(*** *** * ***)	(4 007 400 000)		
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	-	-
Operating Loss before Working Capital Changes			-	-
Changes in working capital:				
Adjustments for : Trade Payables	11,043,239	837,000,212		
Other Financial Assets	11,043,237	037,000,212	-	-
Cash used in Operations	(7,588,707)	(550,189,120)		
cash asea in operations	(.,555,.5.)	(333,233,223,		
Direct Taxes paid	-	-	-	-
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(7,588,707)	(550,189,120)	-	-
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Capital expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment	(6,350,000)	(481,285,550)		

(6,350,000)

15,101,000

15,101,000

1,162,293

1,162,293

(481,285,550)

1,135,721,705

1,135,721,705

104,247,035

(16,153,361)

88,093,673

Note:

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities

Securities Premium on Issue of Equity Shares

Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities

Net increase in Cash and Cash equivalents

Impact on account of Foreign Currency Translation

Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period

Issue of Equity Shares

¹⁾ The cash flow statement has been prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 (Ind AS-7) "Statement of Cash Flows".

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For Arora & Arora

Chartered Accountants Registration No. 100544W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Lupin Oncology Inc.

Girish Arora

Partner

Membership No. 41019

Place : Mumbai

Date:

Vinita Gupta Director

LUPIN ONCOLOGY INC.

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATMENTS

1A. Company Overview:

Lupin Oncology Inc., ('the Company') incorporated in State of Delaware on 15th March, 2021, is an innovation led Transnational Pharmaceutical Company that would produce, develop and market wide range of branded products pertaining to cancer globally.

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in USA. The address of its registered office is 5801 Pelican Bay Blvd, Suite 500 Naples, FL 34108, USA.

1B. Significant Accounting Policies

i. Basis of preparation of Financial Statements:

The Financial Statement of the Company have been prepared in all material aspects in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and accounting principles generally accepted in India.

These financial statements are presented in US Dollars (\$) which is the functional currency of the company. For the presentation under IND AS, these financials are converted into Indian Rupees (INR) as per the provisions of IND AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates". All the resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented with equity as Foreign Currency Translation Reserve.

ii. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the period. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Financial Statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known/ materialize.

iii. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Fixed Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

iv. Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an intangible asset comprises of its purchase price, including any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the taxing authorities), and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.

Expenditure on research and development eligible for capitalisation are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

v. Foreign Currency Transactions/Translations:

(a) Transactions denominated in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate of the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (c) Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous standalone financial statements are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

vi. Financial Instruments

A) Financial Assets

Classification

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI). There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its equity investments as recognized in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as the deemed cost as at the transition date pursuant to the exemption under Ind AS 101

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either:
- i) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

ii) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- ii) Trade receivables.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

B) Financial Liabilities

Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Such liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, shall be subsequently measured at fair value

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial

date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

vii. Income Tax:

Income Taxes are accounted for in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 12 on "Income Taxes" (Ind AS 12). Tax expense comprises both current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid or recovered from the tax authorities using applicable tax rates.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequence attributable to timing difference between taxable income and accounting income that are measured at relevant tax rates. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company reassesses unrealized deferred tax assets, to the extent they become reasonably certain or virtually certain of realization, as the case may be.

viii. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

ix. Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1C. Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date.

Ind AS 103 - Business Combination

Reference to revised Conceptual Framework. For contingent liabilities / levies, clarification is added on how to apply the principles for recognition of contingent liabilities from Ind AS 37. Recognition of contingent assets is not allowed.

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly allow an entity to deduct from the cost of property, plant and equipment any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use.

Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability.

Ind AS 41 - Taxation in fair value measurements

The amendment removes the requirement in Ind AS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value. This aligns the fair value measurement in Ind AS 41 with the requirements of Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement.

Page	14			
	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2022 ₹	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2021 ₹
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents (as per Ind AS-7 "Statements of Cashflows") Bank Balances				
- In Current Account	1,162,293	88,093,673	-	-
Total	1,162,293	88,093,673		

3. EQUITY

a) SHARE CAPITAL

		As at 31.3.2022		As at 31.3.2021			
Particulars	Number of shares	\$	₹	Number of shares	\$	₹	
Authorised Equity Shares of \$ 1 each	30,000,000	30,000,000	2,244,747,890	1,000	1,000	72,715	
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Equity Shares of \$ 1 each fully paid (15,000,000 of the above shares are held by Lupin Limited, the Holding Company)	15,101,000	15,101,000	1,135,721,705	-	-	-	
Total	15,101,000	15,101,000	1,135,721,705	-	-	-	

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

		As at 31.3.2022			As at 31.3.2021			
Particulars	Number of shares	\$	₹	Number of shares	\$	₹		
Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year / period	-	-	-	-	=	-		
Equity Shares Issued during the year	15,000,000	15,000,000	1,128,025,000	-	=	-		
Equity Shares Issued during the year pursuant to Equity Incentive Plan*	101,000	101.000	7.696.705					
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	15,101,000		1,135,721,705		-	-		

^{*}Of the shares issued during the year, 21,210 shares are issued against non cash consideration (against services rendered).

c) Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity shares having a par value of USD 1 per share. Each holder of Equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the shareholders of Equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) More than 5% shareholding in the Company by each shareholder

	As at 31	1.3.2022	As at 31.3.2021	
Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Lupin Limited	15.000.000	99.33%	_	-

e) Shares reserved for issuance under Equity Incentive Plan

The Company, under its Equity Icentive Plan, has reserved 1,764,706 shares for issuance under Equity Incentive Plan. Of these, in the current year, the Company has issued 101,000 shares. As on 31st March 2022, 1,663,706 shares are reserved.

	Page	e 16			
		As at 31.03.2022 \$	As at 31.03.2022 ₹	As at 31.03.2021 \$	As at 31.03.2021
. TRADE PAYABLES	_	_			·
- Other than Acceptances					
- Other than Acceptances - Total outstanding dues of Others		11,043,239	837,000,212	-	-

		Page 17			
		For the Current Year ended March 31,2022	For the Current Year ended March 31,2022 ₹	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to March 31,2021 \$	For the Previous Period From March 15,2021 to March 31,2021 ₹
5. FINANCE COSTS					
Bank Charges		9,388	697,416	-	-
	Total	9,388	697,416	-	-
6. OTHER EXPENSES					
Clinical and Analytical Charges		17,977,470	1,338,569,655	-	-
Legal and Professional Charges		396,193	29,432,350	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenses		248,895	18,489,912	<u> </u>	-
	Total	18,622,558	1,386,491,917		-

- 7. The audit fee of the company is borne by Lupin Limited (Holding company).
- 8. The Company has incurred a loss during the year. As on March 31, 2022 the Current Liabilities exceed the Current Assets. But a substantial amount of current liability is to the holding company only. The Company is taking steps to generate revenue and a series of strategic measures which aim to reverse the losses. Further, the Holding company supports the funds necessary for the Company to continue as a going concern. The financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern and do not include any adjustments related to this matter.
- 9. Considering the definitions of reportable business segment and reportable geographical segment contained in Indian Accounting Standard 108 (Ind AS 108) "Operating Segments", the management is of the opinion that there is only one reportable business and geographical segment viz. pharmaceuticals and related products, the results of which are disclosed in the financial statements.

10. Basic and Diluted earnings per share is calculated as under:

Particulars	2021-22	2021-22	2020-21	2020-21
	(\$)	(₹)	(\$)	(₹)
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax attributable to Equity Shareholders	(18,631,946)	(1,387,189,333)	NIL	NIL
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year ended March 31,2022	10,905,767	10,905,767	NIL	NIL
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	(1.71)	(127.20)	NIL	NIL

11. Related party Disclosures:

a) Name of Related parties and description of relationship:

Category I: Company whose control exist:

- Lupin Limited (Holding Company)

Category II: Fellow Subsidiaries:

- Lupin Inc

Category III: Key Management Personnel (KMP):

- Ms. Vinita Gupta (Director)

b) Transactions with Related parties: -

Sr No.	Description and Nature of transactions	2021-22 (\$)	2021-22 (₹)	2020- 21 (\$)	2020- 21 (₹)
1.	Clinical and Analytical charges Lupin Limited	17,977,470	1,338,569,655	None	None
2.	Legal and Professional charges Lupin Limited	703	53,247	None	None
3.	Purchase of Intangible Assets under development Lupin Limited	6,350,000	460,692,500	None	None
4.	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company Lupin Inc	295,314	21,938,298	None	None

c) Balance due from / to related parties:

Sr No.	Description and Nature of transactions	2021-22 (\$)	2021-22 (₹)	2020-21 (\$)	2020-21 (₹)
	Trade Payables:				
1.	Lupin Limited	10,721,021	812,578,344	NIL	NIL
2.	Lupin Inc	14,949	1,133,030	NIL	NIL

Related Party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

12. Previous period figures are for the period March 15, 2021 to March 31, 2021 and hence are not comparable.

Signatures to notes 1 to 12

For Arora & Arora Chartered Accountants Registration No. 100544W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Lupin Oncology Inc.

Girish AroraPartner
Membership No. 41019

Place : Mumbai

Date:

Vinita Gupta Director